HYDROLOGICAL CALCULATION RATIONAL METHOD (HP # 5 - 1989)

PROJECT : catchment 12 (Existing)
Tabung Haji, Pahang

A. CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS

From Topo Map sheets :
Area of catchment, Ac = 1.68 sq. km
Length of mainstream, L = 1.88 km
Percentage developed, = 0.00 % (Land use factor)

Weighted mean slope, s

li(km)	^h (m)	si=^h/li (%)	li*SQRT si
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74

$$s = SQR\{ E(li * SQRT\ si) / E(li) \}$$
$$= \frac{2.74\ ^2}{1.88\ ^2}$$
$$= 2.13\ \%$$

B. LOCATION OF BRIDGE

From Topo Sheet No :

	o	'	"	
Longitude	102	18	0	E
Latitude	4	12	0	N

From figure 1 of HP # 5
Region No 4

Note : Region 1 - Perlis, Kedah, Perak
Region 2 - Kuala Lumpur
Region 3 - Johor
Region 4 - Kelantan, Terengganu, Pahang

C. ESTIMATION OF THE DESIGN RAINSTORM

1. Adopt return period, T = 2 years (HP # 1)

2. $Tc = \{1.286 \times L\} / \{A^{0.223} \times S^{0.263}\}$

$$= \frac{\{1.286 \times 1.88\}}{\{1.68\ ^{0.223} \times 2.127659574\ ^{0.263}\}}$$
$$= 1.77 \text{ hours}$$
$$= 105.94 \text{ mins}$$

3. Values of x (T,t)
(N.B. values of t is to envelope the value of Tc)

From Fig. 1 to 8 of HP # 1 :
x (2, 0.5) = 40 mm
x (20, 0.5) = 70 mm
x (2, 3) = 80 mm
x (20, 3) = 140 mm

4. Plot those values above on graph Figure 10 0f HP # 1

5. Read off values, with T = 2 years.

x (T , 0.5) = 75.00 mm
x (T , 3) = 120.00 mm

6. Plot values obtained in steps 3 and 5 on graph Fig. 9 of HP # 1.

7. Read off values :

With Tc = 1.77 hours
and T = 2 years.
x (2, 1.77) = 68.17 mm
x (20, 1.77) = 119.29 mm
x (T , 1.77) = 106.69 mm

8. Confidence limits

D = x (20) - x (2)
= 119.29152 - 68.166585
= 51.124939
0.43 D = 21.983724 mm

9. Max x 2) = x (T) + 0.43 D
[T = 2] = 106.68741 + 21.983724
= 128.67 mm

D. FLOOD ESTIMATION

1. From step C,

Max x (2) = 128.67113 mm
Therefore, i (2) = x (100) = 128.67113

Tc = 1.7656986

= 72.87 mm/hr

2. From Figure 4 with,

Region = 4

T = 2 years.

C10 = 0.38

Ct / C10 = 0.712

Therefore Ct = 0.27

3. Percentage developed = 0 %

Land use factor, F = 1

THEREFORE

Q max = F x 0.278 x Ct x i (T) x A

= 9.21 cu. m /s

E. DETERMINATION OF THE FLOOD WATER LEVEL AND VELOCITY

1. Plot cross-section of the river.
2. consider the recorded flood level as our first trial
3. Divide into sub-section
4. Stream slope at bridge site,

From the river survey plan :

Number of Part = 4 Section

Part	BedL1	BedL2	Length	Slope
1	6.880	6.544	60.000	0.006
2	6.544	6.067	25.000	0.019
3	6.067	6.037	25.000	0.001
4	6.037	5.604	20.000	0.022
5				
6				
7				

Average Slope, So 0.0118825

5. Calculation of Vm and Qc

Vi = Ri^(2/3) x So^(1/2) / ni

TRY Flood Level = 7.700 m OK

Sc.	Level (m)	Chng. (m)	Roughness ni	Area, A Sq.ft	Wetted perimeter (pi)(m)	Hydraulic Radius Ri=Ai/Pi (m)	Velocity vi (m/s)	Q=Vi Ai (cu.m)
0	9.200	0.000	0.045					
1	7.000	4.000	0.045	-1.600	4.565	-0.350	#NUM!	
2	6.741	18.000	0.045	11.613	14.002	0.829	2.138	24.832
3	5.857	23.100	0.045	7.145	5.176	1.380	3.003	21.458
4	5.792	27.000	0.045	7.314	3.901	1.875	3.684	26.944
5	5.272	33.600	0.045	14.309	6.620	2.161	4.049	57.941
6	6.344	38.000	0.045	8.325	4.529	1.838	3.635	30.261
7	6.659	42.500	0.045	5.393	4.511	1.196	2.729	14.717
8	7.000	50.500	0.045	6.964	8.007	0.870	2.207	15.370
9	9.200	54.000	0.045					
10								
			TOTAL	59.4634			TOTAL	191.52328

Type of bed material (Code) = 7 Rock

CODE	BED
1	Clay
2	Sandy Clay
3	Very fine sand
4	Fine sand
5	Fine Gravel
6	Rocky soil
7	Rock
8	Grass-lined

Therefore,

Mean velocity, Vm = E (Vi Ai) / E (Ai)

= 191.523277 / 59.4634

= 3.220859839 < 5.18 m/sec

Therefore OK

Discharge capacity, Qc = Vm x E (Ai)

= 191.523277 > 9.20836 cu.m

Therefore OK

HYDROLOGICAL CALCULATION RATIONAL METHOD (HP # 5 - 1989)

PROJECT : catchment 12 (Existing)
Tabung Haji, Pahang

A. CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS

From Topo Map sheets :
Area of catchment, Ac = 1.68 sq. km
Length of mainstream, L = 1.88 km
Percentage developed, = 0.00 % (Land use factor)

Weighted mean slope, s

li(km)	^h (m)	si=^h/li (%)	li*SQRT si
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74

$$s = SQR\{ E(li * SQRT\ si) / E(li) \}$$
$$= \frac{2.74\ ^2}{1.88\ ^2}$$
$$= 2.13\ \%$$

B. LOCATION OF BRIDGE

From Topo Sheet No :

	o	'	"	
Longitude	102	18	0	E
Latitude	4	12	0	N

From figure 1 of HP # 5
Region No 4

Note : Region 1 - Perlis, Kedah, Perak
Region 2 - Kuala Lumpur
Region 3 - Johor
Region 4 - Kelantan, Terengganu, Pahang

C. ESTIMATION OF THE DESIGN RAINSTORM

1. Adopt return period, T = 5 years (HP # 1)

2. $Tc = \{1.286 \times L\} / \{A^{0.223} \times S^{0.263}\}$

$$= \frac{\{1.286 \times 1.88\}}{\{1.68^{0.223} \times 2.127659574^{0.263}\}}$$

$$= 1.77 \text{ hours}$$

$$= 105.94 \text{ mins}$$

3. Values of x (T,t)
(N.B. values of t is to envelope the value of Tc)

From Fig. 1 to 8 of HP # 1 :
x (2, 0.5) = 40 mm
x (20, 0.5) = 70 mm
x (2, 3) = 80 mm
x (20, 3) = 140 mm

4. Plot those values above on graph Figure 10 0f HP # 1

5. Read off values, with T = 5 years.

x (T , 0.5) = 98.94 mm
x (T , 3) = 176.59 mm

6. Plot values obtained in steps 3 and 5 on graph Fig. 9 of HP # 1.

7. Read off values :

With Tc = 1.7656986 hours
and T = 5 years.

x (2, 1.77) = 68.17 mm
x (20, 1.77) = 119.29 mm
x (T , 1.77) = 153.62 mm

8. Confidence limits

D = x (20) - x (2)
= 119.29152 - 68.166585
= 51.124939
0.43 D = 21.98 mm

9. Max x 5) = x (T) + 0.43 D
[T = 5] = 153.61995 + 21.983724
= 175.60 mm

D. FLOOD ESTIMATION

1. From step C,

Max x (5) = 175.60367 mm
Therefore, i (10) = x (100) = 175.60367
Tc 1.7656986
= 99.45 mm / hr

2. From Figure 4 with,

Region = 4
T = 5 years.

C10 = 0.38
Ct / C10 = 0.88

Therefore Ct = 0.3344

3. Percentage developed = 0 %
Land use factor, F = 1

THEREFORE

Q max = F x 0.278 x Ct x i (T) x A
= 15.53 cu. m /s

HYDROLOGICAL CALCULATION RATIONAL METHOD (HP # 5 - 1989)

PROJECT : catchment 12 (Existing)
Tabung Haji, Pahang

A. CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS

From Topo Map sheets :
Area of catchment, Ac = 1.68 sq. km
Length of mainstream, L = 1.88 km
Percentage developed, = 0.00 % (Land use factor)

Weighted mean slope, s

li(km)	^h (m)	si=^h/li (%)	li*SQRT si
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74

$$s = SQR\{ E(li * SQRT\ si) / E(li) \}$$
$$= \frac{2.74\ ^2}{1.88\ ^2}$$
$$= 2.13\ \%$$

B. LOCATION OF BRIDGE

From Topo Sheet No :

	o	'	"	
Longitude	102	18	0	E
Latitude	4	12	0	N

From figure 1 of HP # 5
Region No 4

Note : Region 1 - Perlis, Kedah, Perak
Region 2 - Kuala Lumpur
Region 3 - Johor
Region 4 - Kelantan, Terengganu, Pahang

C. ESTIMATION OF THE DESIGN RAINSTORM

1. Adopt return period, T = 10 years (HP # 1)

2. $Tc = \{1.286 \times L\} / \{A^{0.223} \times S^{0.263}\}$

$$= \frac{\{1.286 \times 1.88\}}{\{1.68\ ^{0.223} \times 2.127659574\ ^{0.263}\}}$$

$$= 1.77 \text{ hours}$$

$$= 105.94 \text{ mins}$$

3. Values of x (T,t)
(N.B. values of t is to envelope the value of Tc)

From Fig. 1 to 8 of HP # 1 :

x (2,	0.5)	=	40 mm
x (20,	0.5)	=	70 mm
x (2,	3)	=	80 mm
x (20,	3)	=	140 mm

4. Plot those values above on graph Figure 10 0f HP # 1

5. Read off values, with T = 10 years.

x (T ,	0.5)	=	114.79 mm
x (T ,	3)	=	214.06 mm

6. Plot values obtained in steps 3 and 5 on graph Fig. 9 of HP # 1.

7. Read off values :

With Tc = 1.7656986 hours
and T = 10 years.

x (2, 1.77) = 68.17 mm
x (20, 1.77) = 119.29 mm
x (T , 1.77) = 184.69 mm

8. Confidence limits

D = x (20) - x (2)
= 119.29152 - 68.166585
= 51.124939
0.43 D = 21.98 mm

9. Max x (10) = x (T) + 0.43 D
[T = 10] = 184.69338 + 21.983724
= 206.68 mm

D. FLOOD ESTIMATION

1. From step C,

Max x (10) = 206.6771 mm
Therefore, i (10) = x (100) = 206.6771
Tc 1.7656986
= 117.05 mm / hr

2. From Figure 4 with,

Region = 4
T = 10 years.

C10 = 0.38
Ct / C10 = 1

Therefore Ct = 0.38

3. Percentage developed = 0 %
Land use factor, F = 1

THEREFORE

Q max = F x 0.278 x Ct x i (T) x A
= 20.77 cu. m /s

HYDROLOGICAL CALCULATION RATIONAL METHOD (HP # 5 - 1989)

PROJECT : catchment 12 (Existing)
Tabung Haji, Pahang

A. CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS

From Topo Map sheets :
Area of catchment, Ac = 1.68 sq. km
Length of mainstream, L = 1.88 km
Percentage developed, = 0.00 % (Land use factor)

Weighted mean slope, s

li (km)	^h (m)	si = ^h/li (%)	li * SQRT si
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74

$$s = SQR\{ E(li * SQRT\ si) / E(li) \}$$
$$= \frac{2.74\ ^2}{1.88\ ^2}$$
$$= 2.13\ \%$$

B. LOCATION OF BRIDGE

From Topo Sheet No :

	o	'	"	
Longitude	102	18	0	E
Latitude	4	12	0	N

From figure 1 of HP # 5
Region No 4

Note : Region 1 - Perlis, Kedah, Perak
Region 2 - Kuala Lumpur
Region 3 - Johor
Region 4 - Kelantan, Terengganu, Pahang

C. ESTIMATION OF THE DESIGN RAINSTORM

1. Adopt return period, T = 20 years (HP # 1)

2. $Tc = \{1.286 \times L\} / \{A^{0.223} \times S^{0.263}\}$

$$= \frac{\{1.286 \times 1.88\}}{\{1.68\ ^{0.223} \times 2.127659574\ ^{0.263}\}}$$

$$= 1.77 \text{ hours}$$

$$= 105.94 \text{ mins}$$

3. Values of x (T,t)
(N.B. values of t is to envelope the value of Tc)

From Fig. 1 to 8 of HP # 1 :

x (2,	0.5)	=	40 mm
x (20,	0.5)	=	70 mm
x (2,	3)	=	80 mm
x (20,	3)	=	140 mm

4. Plot those values above on graph Figure 10 0f HP # 1

5. Read off values, with T = 20 years.

x (T ,	0.5)	=	130.00 mm
x (T ,	3)	=	250.00 mm

6. Plot values obtained in steps 3 and 5 on graph Fig. 9 of HP # 1.

7. Read off values :

With Tc = 1.7656986 hours
and T = 20 years.

x (2, 1.77) = 68.17 mm
x (20, 1.77) = 119.29 mm
x (T , 1.77) = 214.50 mm

8. Confidence limits

D = x (20) - x (2)
= 119.29152 - 68.166585
= 51.124939
0.43 D = 21.98 mm

9. Max x 20) = x (T) + 0.43 D
[T = 20] = 214.49975 + 21.983724
= 236.48 mm

D. FLOOD ESTIMATION

1. From step C,

Max x (20) = 236.48348 mm
Therefore, i (20) = x (100) = 236.48348
Tc 1.7656986
= 133.93 mm / hr

2. From Figure 4 with,

Region = 4
T = 20 years.

C10 = 0.38
Ct / C10 = 1.128

Therefore Ct = 0.43

3. Percentage developed = 0 %
Land use factor, F = 1

THEREFORE

Q max = F x 0.278 x Ct x i (T) x A
= 26.81 cu. m /s

HYDROLOGICAL CALCULATION RATIONAL METHOD (HP # 5 - 1989)

PROJECT : catchment 12 (Existing)
Tabung Haji, Pahang

A. CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS

From Topo Map sheets :
Area of catchment, Ac = 1.68 sq. km
Length of mainstream, L = 1.88 km
Percentage developed, = 0 % (Land use factor)

Weighted mean slope, s

li (km)	^h (m)	si =^h/li (%)	li*SQRT si
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74

$$s = SQR\{ E(li * SQRT\ si) / E(li) \}$$
$$= \frac{2.74\ ^2}{1.88\ ^2}$$
$$= 2.13\ \%$$

B. LOCATION OF BRIDGE

From Topo Sheet No :

	o	'	"	
Longitude	102	18	0	E
Latitude	4	12	0	N

From figure 1 of HP # 5
Region No 4

Note : Region 1 - Perlis, Kedah, Perak
Region 2 - Kuala Lumpur
Region 3 - Johor
Region 4 - Kelantan, Terengganu, Pahang

C. ESTIMATION OF THE DESIGN RAINSTORM

1. Adopt return period, T = 50 years (HP # 1)

2. $Tc = \{1.286 \times L\} / \{A^{0.223} \times S^{0.263}\}$

$$= \frac{\{1.286 \times 1.88\}}{\{1.68^{0.223} \times 2.127659574^{0.263}\}}$$

= 1.77 hours

= 105.94 mins

3. Values of x (T,t)
(N.B. values of t is to envelope the value of Tc)

From Fig. 1 to 8 of HP # 1 :
x (2, 0.5) = 40 mm
x (20, 0.5) = 70 mm
x (2, 3) = 80 mm
x (20, 3) = 140 mm

4. Plot those values above on graph Figure 10 0f HP # 1

5. Read off values, with T = 50 years.

x (T , 0.5) = 149.68 mm
x (T , 3) = 296.52 mm

6. Plot values obtained in steps 3 and 5 on graph Fig. 9 of HP # 1.

7. Read off values :

With Tc = 1.7656986 hours
and T = 50 years.

x (2, 1.77) = 68.17 mm
x (20, 1.77) = 119.29 mm
x (T , 1.77) = 253.08 mm

8. Confidence limits

D = x (20) - x (2)
= 119.29152 - 68.166585
= 51.124939
0.43 D = 21.983724 mm

9. Max x (50) = x (T) + 0.43 D
[T = 50] = 253.08105 + 21.983724
= 275.06 mm

D. FLOOD ESTIMATION

1. From step C,

Max x (50) = 275.06478 mm
Therefore, i (50) = x (100) = 275.06478
Tc 1.7656986
= 155.78 mm/hr

2. From Figure 4 with,

Region = 4
T = 50 years.

C10 = 0.38
Ct / C10 = 1.296

Therefore Ct = 0.49

3. Percentage developed = 0 %
Land use factor, F = 1

THEREFORE

Q max = F x 0.278 x Ct x i (T) x A
= **35.83 cu. m /s**

HYDROLOGICAL CALCULATION RATIONAL METHOD (HP # 5 - 1989)

PROJECT : catchment 12 (Existing)
Tabung Haji, Pahang

A. CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS

From Topo Map sheets :
Area of catchment, Ac = 1.68 sq. km
Length of mainstream, L = 1.88 km
Percentage developed, = 0 % (Land use factor)

Weighted mean slope, s

li (km)	^h (m)	si =^h/li (%)	li*SQRT si
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74
1.88	40.00	2.13	2.74

$$s = SQR\{ E(li * SQRT\ si) / E(li) \}$$
$$= \left(\frac{2.74}{1.88} \right)^{\wedge 2}$$
$$= 2.13\ \%$$

B. LOCATION OF SITE

From Topo Sheet No :

	o	'	"	
Longitude	102	18	0	E
Latitude	4	12	0	N

From figure 1 of HP # 5
Region No 4

Note : Region 1 - Perlis, Kedah, Perak
Region 2 - Kuala Lumpur
Region 3 - Johor
Region 4 - Kelantan, Terengganu, Pahang

C. ESTIMATION OF THE DESIGN RAINSTORM

1. Adopt return period, T = 100 years (HP # 1)

2. $Tc = \{1.286 \times L\} / \{A^{0.223} \times S^{0.263}\}$

$$= \frac{\{1.286 \times 1.88\}}{\{1.68^{0.223} \times 2.127659574^{0.263}\}}$$

$$= 1.77 \text{ hours}$$

$$= 105.94 \text{ mins}$$

3. Values of x (T,t)
(N.B. values of t is to envelope the value of Tc)

From Fig. 1 to 8 of HP # 1 :
x (2, 0.5) = 40 mm
x (20, 0.5) = 70 mm
x (2, 3) = 80 mm
x (20, 3) = 140 mm

4. Plot those values above on graph Figure 10 0f HP # 1

5. Read off values, with T = 100 years.

x (T , 0.5) = 164.43 mm
x (T , 3) = 331.38 mm

6. Plot values obtained in steps 3 and 5 on graph Fig. 9 of HP # 1.

7. Read off values :

With Tc = 1.77 hours
and T = 100 years.

x (2, 1.77) = 68.17 mm
x (20, 1.77) = 119.29 mm
x (T , 1.77) = 281.99 mm

8. Confidence limits

D = x (20) - x (2)
= 119.29152 - 68.166585
= 51.124939
0.43 D = 21.98 mm

9. Max x [T = 100] = x (T) + 0.43 D
= 281.99231 + 21.983724
= 303.98 mm

D. FLOOD ESTIMATION

1. From step C,

Max x (100) = 303.98 mm
Therefore, i (100) = x (100) / Tc = 303.97603 / 1.7656986
= 172.16 mm / hr

2. From Figure 4 with,

Region = 4
T = 100 years.

C10 = 0.38
Ct / C10 = 1.46

Therefore Ct = 0.5548

3. Percentage developed = 0 %
Land use factor, F = 1

THEREFORE

Q max = F x 0.278 x Ct x i (T) x A
= **44.61 cu. m /s**