

Seminar for Refrigerant Identifier-User

Model : Neutronics Ultima ID-HVAC

By :COOLTECH SOLUTION SDN BHD



Present By : David Lim Siow Wei







PROVIDE 1 STOP SOLUTION







Certificate No. : MYQ11184425

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On Standard

ISO 9001 : 2015

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SUPPLY AND SERVICES OF AUTOMOTIVE WORKSHOP EQUIPMENT – HOIST, ALIGNMENT MACHINE, BALANCER, TOOLS, AIR CONDITIONER MACHINE AND SPARE PARTS.

Original Issued Date	:	7 th November 2018
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Dynotech SM Solution CO., Ltd. Myanmar

COOLTECH Networking MAP



Table of Contents



- Cautions and Warnings
- Functional Description
- Basic knowledge of refrigerant air conditioning system
- Hardware Description
- Standard Operation Procedure
- Demonstration
- Q & A



• <u>ALWAYS</u> use eye protector when working with compressed gases. We recommend wearing gloves when working with refrigerants.





• DO NOT direct refrigerant vapors venting from hoses towards the skin.



Will cause

Frostbite







 ALWAYS verify that the refrigerant to be tested does not contain or will not emit heavy loads of **Oil** or **liquid**.





• **Battery Charger Warning**: When charging the optional battery with the 1000mA charger, the charger will become warm. If the charger becomes hot, unplug the charger immediately!

When charging multiple battery packs, allow the charger to cool between each





Cautions and Warnings WARNING!!!!



• **VAPOR** SAMPLES **ONLY!** INTRODUCING "LIQUID" REFRIGERANT WILL CAUSE SERIOUS DAMAGE TO THE IDENTIFIER AND WILL <u>VOID</u> THE WARRANTY





DO NOT remove the top panel of the instrument. There are no serviceable components internal to the instrument.





>DO NOT utilize any other hose other than those supplied with the instrument. The use of other hose types will introduce errors into the refrigerant analysis.









• NEVER admit any sample(Refrigerant) into the instrument at pressures in excess of 300 psig.









• NEVER obstruct the air intake, sample exhaust or case vent ports of the instrument during use.



Functional Description



• TO determine the weight concentrations of

refrigerant types :

R12, R134a, R22, as well as, hydrocarbons and air.

• Refrigerant purity is automatically

determined for refrigerants R12 and R134a by the instrument to eliminate human error. Pure refrigerant is defined as a refrigerant mixture that contains 98%, by weight, or greater of either R12 or R134a.



Functional Description-Addition



 In addition, the unit will indicate the presence of R410a if the refrigerant tested matches the internal profile established for virgin R410a. Refrigerant purity is displayed on the LCD Screen. The user must determine acceptable levels of purity based on their recovery or use standards.





Basic refrigeration cycle consist of 2 changing states.

- Vaporisation
- Condensation

VAPORISATION



 In the term used when enough heat is added to a liquid substance to change it into a vapor (gas).For example: when water is boiled. This condition occurs within the A/C system



CONDENSATION



 Is the term used to describe the opposite of the evaporation process, if you take a vapour and remove enough heat from it, a change of state occurs. The vapour becomes a liquid. The change of vapour to a liquid is called condensation.



REFRIGERATION CYCLE



- A cycle is a series of operations where it is continuous. A refrigeration cycle is a continuous cycle where refrigerant absorb heat from the passenger compartment and then transfer the heat to the outside air (ambient).
- The series of operation consist of 4 phases:-
- •• Vaporisation
- Compression
- Condensation
- •• Pressure Reduction.

THE REFRIGERATION CYCLE





Vaporisation

Heat is absorbed in the evaporator and causes the refrigerant to boil from liquid to vapour

Pressure reduction

Liquid refrigerant at a high pressure is delivered to a expansion valve/capitally tube causes a reduction in pressure.



Compression

The refrigerant vapour is then compressed and moves to the condenser, the refrigerant is now a high temperature, high pressure vapour.

Condensation

As the refrigerant expels heat, the refrigerant condenses to a liquid. At the condenser outlet, the refrigerant is a high pressure liquid. The high pressure liquid refrigerant is delivered to the metering device and the sequence begins again.



REFRIGERANT RECOVERY- REASONS?

CFC & HCFCs

- Destroy the ozone layer
- Cause global warming



HFCs

Cause global warming





- The process of removing refrigerant in any condition from a refrigeration system and storing it in an external container without testing or processing in any manner.
- Standard requirements :
- •• ISO 11650
- •• ARI 740
- • EN 35421

TYPE OF RECOVERY MACHINE



- 1. Oil less compressor
- 2. Oil type compressor with oil separator



Oil less compressor



Oil type compressor with oil separator





- **Recycle**: to reduce contaminants in used refrigerants by separating oil, removing non-condensable gas, and by using devices such as filter driers to reduce moisture, acidity and particulate matter.
- Recycling involves reducing the levels of contaminants prior to reuse. Contaminants can result in early system failure.(Contaminants include oil, moisture, acid, chlorides, particulates, and non-condensable gases.)
- International Organization for Standards (ISO) 11650, Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) J1990 ,2788 or AHRI 740-1998 standards may be used to measure recovery recycling equipment performance.

RECYCLING MACHINE

- Recover and recycle
- Vacuum
- Leak test
- Compressor oil inject
- Charging by scale monitoring





RECYCLING STANDARD



- •SAE-2099
- •SAE-2788
- EN





SAE J2099—Standard of Purity for Recycled HFC-134a (R-134a) for Use in Mobile Air-Conditioning Systems



Solution to reduce refrigerant impact on the greenhouse effect

A new SAE standard was published in December of 2006 for recycling and charging equipment. The new standard call for A/C refrigerant management equipment with enhanced capabilities:

- The machines must remove 95 percent of the refrigerant within 30 minutes with no heat being applied to the A/C system.
- The machines must charge with an accuracy of +/- 0.5 ounce. This is required due to improved A/C systems with very small refrigerant capacities.

RECLAMATION



• Reclamation : Return refrigerant to virgin (purity) specifications, meet ARI 700 Standards for resale.

The following ratings are verified by test for the Reclaimed Refrigerant Certification Program:

- a. Water (ppm by weight).
- b. Chloride (pass/fail).
- c. Acidity (ppm by weight).
- d. High Boiling Residue (% by volume).
- e. Particulates/Solids (pass/fail).
- f. Non Condensables (% by volume).

g. Volatile Impurities Including Other Refrigerants (% by volume).





RECLAMATION STANDARD – ARI 700

ARI-700 Physical Propertie	es of Single C	omponent Re	frigerants				
R11	R12	R22	R23	R114	R123	R134a	
Characteristics							
Boiling Point							
°F @ 1.00 atm	74.9	-21.6	-41.4	-115.7	38.8	82.6	-15.1
°C@ 1.00 atm	23.8	-29.8	-40.8	-82.1	3.8	27.9	-26.2
Particulates/solids							
Visually clean to pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
Acidity ppm by weight	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Chlorides							
No visible turbidity							
Recognized chloride level							
For pass/fail is 3ppm	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass

Reclamation Centre Malaysia





Westech Chemicals Sdn Bhd

5, Jalan Pelabur 23/1, 40300 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan. Tel : +603 - 5541 - 0612 Fax : +603 - 5541 - 0132

Reclamation Centre Malaysia





Aurora Chemicals Sdn. Bhd. No. 3, Jalan Meranti Jaya 14, Meranti Jaya Industrial Park, 47120 Puchong, Selangor Phone: 03-8062 3110



• Two or more undesired types of refrigerants mixed in a cylinder or in a refrigeration system which affect the performance of the refrigerant.



EFFECT OF CONTAMINATED REFRIGERANT TO THE RAGINATED SYSTEM

- Damage R & AC system;
- Reduce cooling capacity and consume more electrical energy and reduce efficiency system;
- Explosion may occur.
STEP 1 : IDENTIFIER THE REFREGERANT





STEP 1 : IDENTIFIER THE REFREGERANT



 Cross-Contamination: Contamination on a system cause by improper handling during servicing i.e. when refrigerants recovery cylinders are used for refill the different refrigerants. This will seriously affect appliance performance





• Refrigerant Contaminants: Refrigerant systems can be contaminated by contaminants like moisture, non-condensable air, chemical residues, dirt or dust.



Reclaim



• TRANSFER



ASHRAE Standard



ASHRAE Standard 34 Matrix with some						
CATEGORY	Lower Toxicity	Higher Toxicity				
	Α	В				
FLAMM 1	CFC-11 CFC-12 HCFC-22 HFC-125 HFC-134a HFC-410A	HCFC-123				
	HFC-32 HFO-1234yf HFO-1234ze					
2	HFC-143a HFC-152a	R-717 (Ammonia)				
3	R-600a (isabutane) R-290(propane)	R-1140 (vinyl chloride)				

Flammable Refrigerant



Refrigerant				LFL,		Auto		
Group	Туре	Density of vapor kg/m3	Safety group	kg/m3	LFL,%	ignition temp, °C	PL, kg/m3	GWP
НС	R600a	2.48	A3	0.038	1.8	460	0.011	3
	R290	1.86	A3	0.038	2.1	470	0.008	3
	R1270	1.77	A3	0.047	2.7	455	0.008	3
HFO	R1234ze	4	A2L	0.299	6.5	405	0.06	6
HFC	R32	1.86	A2L	0.307	14.4	648	0.061	550

Overview



Historical Cycle of Refrigerant



Basic knowledge of refrigerant air conditioning system-R12



Basic knowledge of refrigerant air conditioning

CFC 12: Properties & Alternatives

- CFC 12 is considered the most widely used refrigerant in the MAC sector because of its excellent properties in refrigeration.
- Why CFC 12 needs to be phased-out:
 - 1. High ozone depletion potential (**ODP=1.0**).
 - 2. High contribution to global warming.

Best Alternative to CFC 12: R134A



- Have most of the good refrigerant characteristics.
- Have similar properties like CFC 12, but with zero ODP (ozone depletion potential) and low GWP (green-house warming potential).
- Only disadvantage: smaller molecular size

Basic knowledge of refrigerant air conditioning



Basic knowledge of refrigerant air conditioning system-R22

- . Cylinder R22 Green colour
- Chlorodifluoromethane ► HCFC-22 ➢ Joint:1/4" ► R12 Sample Hose Split unit

Basic knowledge of refrigerant air conditioning system-R410A



R410A: Properties & Alternatives

R410A

- 1. Cylinder R410A Pink colour
- ➢HydroFluorCarbons
- ≽ R410a
- ≻Joint:1/4 "
- ➢R12 Sample Hose
- ➢Packing:11.3kg
- ➢R-32 Difluoromethane (50% weight),
 - R-125 Pentafluoroethane(50% weight)



HVAC



Basic knowledge of refrigerant air conditioning system-R410A

R410A: Properties & Alternatives

 R-410A refrigerant was developed as an environmentally friendly and more efficient alternative to replace R-22 (Freon). R-410A refrigerant--also known as Puron--does not deplete the ozone the way R-22 does but does have a higher global warming potential than the R-22 coolant.

Refrigerant Type	Name	ODP	GWP (100 year horizons)			
HCFC	R22	0.055	1700			
HFC	R404a	0	3784			
HFC	R410a	0	1975			
HC	R290	0	20			

Table 2: Refrigerant ODP & GWP Values









Sample Filter

The **disposable filter** is to the left of the pressure gauge. The filter is a coalescing type with the added feature of a color coded dye to detect the presence of oil. **The filter turns red whenever the element has been contaminated and needs to be replaced.**







R12 Sample Hose

Hardware Description R134a Sample Hose R134a Tank Adapter Fitting 1/2" Acme Thread R134a Low Side Stub (Threads onto Cylinder Stub) (Fits into R134a Low Side Coupler)





Hardware Description READY TO AIR CAL 1. DISCONNECT Green LED HOSE FROM Red LED TANK 2. PRESS CAL TO START HELP CAL OFF Soft Key Buttons Power On/Off

First Use



Note: Charge the battery for a minimum of 4 hours with the supplied charger prior to first use.





Back Panel Connections

- The connections located on the back panel are illustrated below.
- CAUTION: The sample outlet port should never be obstructed. Keep the sample outlet port free and clear at all times.











12V Battery Clip ➢ Input = 12V DC ➢ Output=12V DC



• Hard Shell Storage/Carrying Case The hard shell storage/carrying case is custom fit to the Ultima ID - HVAC. It provides rugged protection for the instrument as well as convenient storage for all components. The enclosure is general purpose and is not watertight.

Wiring Diagram



240V Connection-Charging



Wiring Diagram



12V Connection-Vehicle Power Cable







Pre-Operational Procedure

Step 1 If any red spots or discoloration are noticed, REPLACE THE FILTER BEFORE USING THE INSTRUMENT





Pre-Operational Procedure

Step 2

C.

Install the selected sample hose onto the inlet port. Finger tightened to achieve a gastight seal.

b.

Inspect the hose for signs of wear such as cracking, not obstructed and that of no oil. Replace (OR CLEANED) BEFORE USING THE INSTRUMENT!

20

a.

Select the R12 or R134a sample hose for use in the specific application.



Pre-Operational Procedure

Step 3 Inspect the air intake port, the sample exhaust port and the case vent ports.-clear and unobstructed









Pre-Operational Procedure



Step 1

• Plug The 12V battery clip or battery pack .









Step 2a

• ON the power by pressing:





Step 2b

• Display Show:









Step 4

4a.

Calibration Complete



Figure 7




- Step 5
- Analysis Process



Figure 8



14 B. B. B. B.

Step 6

Analysis Completed

Close the valve

Disconnect the sample connection



Step 7a

Result Show.







Step 7C

Blend Refrigerants

Result Show.

RESULTS	
DET – 1	XX.X
DET – 2	XX.X
DET – 3	XX.X
DET – 4	XX.X
NON	XX.X
EXIT	PRINT

Blend	Det -1	Det2	Det3	Det -4	Non
R401A	<10	<10	85-95	0	0
R401B	<10	<10	87-97	0	0
R402A	<10	<8	75-95	<10	<20
R402B	<10	<6	87- 9 7	<10	<6
R407C	70-90	<6	<5	10 - 25	15-35
R408A	45-65	0	35-55	0	0
R409A	<10	<15	75-95	0	0
R502	50-70	0	30-50	0	0



Step 8

• Printing the Test Results by pressing button PRINT:

RESUL DET - DET - DET - DET - NON	TS 1 2 3 4	XX.X XX.X XX.X XX.X XX.X XX.X
EXIT	MORE	PRINT
6	0	Press

Neutronic Refrigerar Identifier	s Inc. nt
R134a R12 R22 HC	.0 .0 100.0 .0
(Date)	
(Technician)	

Neutronics Refrigerant Identifier	Inc. t
DET - 1 DET - 2 DET - 3 DET - 4 NON	XX X XX X XX X XX X XX X XX X
Probable R	(410a
(Date)	
(Techniciar	n)

Neutronics Inc. Refrigerant Identifier	
DET - 1 DET - 2 DET - 3 DET - 4 NON	XX.X XX.X XX.X XX.X XX.X
(Date)	
(Technician)	



Step 9

• Exit by pressing button EXIT:





Step 10

• Power off by pressing button OFF:





Step 11

• Dismantle the 12V battery clip.





Step 11

• Store the item in the Case









Practical Demonstration



Thank You