

#### MODIFIED SOIL LOSS EQUATION

(a) Rainfall Factor (R)	$R = \frac{I_{30}}{(I_{30}) / 170.2}$	MSMA(15.11a)
Where,		
$I_{30}$	is the rainfall's maximum 30-minute intensity $196 \text{ mm/hr}$	Refer to rainfall intensity MSMA 14-25
P	annual rainfall (mm) $2912.00 \text{ mm}$	
E	annual erosivity ( $\text{J m}^{-2}$ ) $9.28 P - 8.83 \times 15$	MSMA(15.11b)
E	$17.264.63 \text{ J/m}^2$	
Therefore,		
R	$(17.264.63 \times 170.2) / 19.907.08$	ton.m/ha.hr

#### Soil Erodibility (K)

The soil erodibility (K) is the rate of soil loss per unit of rainfall erosivity factor for a specified soil. It is based on five soil parameters. There are percent silt, percent sand, organic matter content (OM), soil structure (S) and permeability (P) of the soil profile.

$$K = \begin{cases} 2.1 \times 10^{-6} (12 - OM) M^{1.14} + 0.0325 (S - 2) + 0.025 (P - 3) \\ 2.1 \times 10^{-6} (12 - OM) M^{1.14} + 0.0325 (S - 2) + 0.025 (P - 3) \end{cases}$$

$$OM = \text{Organic matter (\%)} \\ M = [\% \text{ Silt} + \% \text{ Sand}] [\% \text{ Silt} + \% \text{ Sand}] [\% \text{ Silt} + \% \text{ Sand}] [\% \text{ Silt} + \% \text{ Sand}]$$

$$S = \text{Structural Coefficient}$$

#### Length-Slope Factor (LS)

The length steepness factor (LS) is a combination between the effects of slope and length of eroding surface. It is the ratio of soil loss per unit area from a slope land to that from a standardized measured plot (MSMA, 2000). Slope length was measured from the highest point to the centre or sediment basin. Percent of slope (S) is obtained from diversification between highest and lowest point and divided with slope length. The exponent m is based on percent of slope on.

#### Vegetation management factor (VM)

The vegetation management factor (VM) is defined as the ratio of soil loss from a field subject to a system of control measures to that from the same site without any control provision. The fraction are originated from three sub-factor i) canopy cover, ii) mulch cover, iii) bare ground and VM factor can be tabulated as multiplying all the sub-factor. At present there is insufficient data to give detail guidance on suitable values of VM or C. For urban area, assuming that impervious areas would not produce any sediment. Its is recommended that calculation is as below

$$\begin{aligned} VM &= \text{Canopy Subfactor} \times \text{Mulch Subfactor} \times \text{Bare Subfactor} \\ VM &= C \times (1 - IA) \quad C = 1(\text{Bare Soil}), 0.45(\text{Established Grass Cover}) \end{aligned}$$

#### Sediment Delivery ratio (SDR)

$$\begin{aligned} SDR\% &= 77.34 A^{0.945} (R/L)^{0.215} \\ A &= \text{Area (acre)} \\ R/L &= \text{relief ratio to length (LS/100)} \end{aligned}$$

#### Length-Slope Factor (LS)

$$LS = (A / 22.13)^m (0.065 + 0.0465 S^2)$$

#### The Modified Soil Loss Equation (MSLE)

A = R x K x LS x VM  
R = Rainfall factor  
K = Soil Erodibility  
LS = Length-Slope Factor  
VM = Vegetation management

Estimating LS factor existing condition			LS
Area	Slope length, L	Slope Gradient, S (%)	LS
1 SB1	215.35	12.05	4.979
2 SB2	292.40	5.20	1.748
3 SB3	233.69	15.52	7.456
4 SB4	182.62	17.14	7.936
5 SB5	118.03	2.25	0.352
Total	155.28	62.84	

#### Soil loss at existing conditions (before site clearing)

Area	Area (ac)	Area (ha)	R	K	LS	VM	A or qc ton/ha/yr	E ton/yr
SB1	43.71	17.69	19.907.08	0.0496	4.979	0.2363	1137.2046	2011.856
SB2	28.44	11.51	19.907.08	0.0496	1.748	0.2363	407.4732	4690.02
SB3	46.85	18.96	19.907.08	0.0496	7.456	0.2363	1757.5087	5294.885
SB4	25.60	10.36	19.907.08	0.0496	7.936	0.2363	1849.8698	1916.65
SB5	10.67	4.32	19.907.08	0.0496	0.352	0.2363	77.4471	334.57
Total	155.28	62.84						

#### Estimating LS factor during site clearing

Area	Slope length, L	Slope Gradient, S (%)	LS
1 SB1	1038.00	0.0327	0.144
2 SB2	1155.00	0.0536	0.149
3 SB3	855.00	0.0397	0.139
4 SB4	618.00	0.0567	0.139
5 SB5	555.00	0.0381	0.127
Total	155.28	62.84	

#### Soil loss without mitigation measure

Area	Area (ac)	Area (ha)	R	K	LS	VM	A or qc ton/ha/yr	E ton/yr
SB1	43.71	17.69	19.907.08	0.0496	0.144	1.0000	141.672	2566.17
SB2	28.44	11.51	19.907.08	0.0496	0.149	1.0000	146.943	1690.23
SB3	46.85	18.96	19.907.08	0.0496	0.139	1.0000	136.948	2595.53
SB4	25.60	10.36	19.907.08	0.0496	0.139	1.0000	137.251	1422.96
SB5	10.67	4.32	19.907.08	0.0496	0.127	1.0000	125.469	542.03
Total	155.28	62.84						

#### Estimating LS factor after development

Area	Slope length, L	Slope Gradient, S (%)	LS
1 SB1	1038.15	1.69	0.511
2 SB2	1155.03	0.69	0.221
3 SB3	855.01	0.41	0.176
4 SB4	818.02	0.61	0.191
5 SB5	555.01	0.72	0.193
6			
7			
8			
Total	155.28	62.84	

#### Soil loss with mitigation measure (90% Grassed)

Area	Area (ac)	Area (ha)	R	K	LS	VM	A or qc ton/ha/yr	E ton/yr
SB1	43.71	17.69	19.907.08	0.0496	0.511	0.11	54.422	962.90
SB2	28.44	11.10	19.907.08	0.0496	0.221	0.11	23.497	270.45
SB3	46.85	12.96	19.907.08	0.0496	0.176	0.11	18.792	356.30
SB4	25.60	10.36	19.907.08	0.0496	0.191	0.11	20.957	217.12
SB5	10.67	4.32	19.907.08	0.0496	0.193	0.11	20.608	89.02
Total	155.28	62.84						

#### Soil Erodibility (K)

$$K = 2.1 \times 10^{-6} (12 - OM) M^{1.14} + 0.0325 (S - 2) + 0.025 (P - 3)$$

#### Vegetation management factor (VM) or C

VM = Canopy Subfactor x Mulch Subfactor x Bare Subfactor

Area	K
Overall	0.0496

Area
155.28

#### VMc

$$VMc = 62.84 \times 1.0000$$

$$VMP = 62.84 \times 0.1630$$

Assume that C=1(Bare Soil), 0.45(Established Grass Cover)

Area	Area (ac)	E ton/yr	SDR (%)	Sediment Yield (tonne/ha) - 80% Trap Efficiency			Suspended Solid (mg/l)		
0% No Silt Trap	25% Efficiency	50% Efficiency	0% No Silt Trap	25% Efficiency	50% Efficiency				

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**Rainfall Intensity**

Input from Jurutera JRK Sdn. Bhd.

Eq. 2.2

(b) Determination of  $Q_{10}$ 

$$i = \frac{\lambda T^\kappa}{(d + \theta)^\eta} \quad (2.2)$$

where,

 $i$  = Average rainfall intensity (mm/hr); $T$  = Average recurrence interval - ARI (0.5 ≤  $T$  ≤ 12 month and 2 ≤  $T$  ≤ 100 year); $d$  = Storm duration (hours), 0.0833 ≤  $d$  ≤ 72; and $\lambda, \kappa, \theta$  and  $\eta$  = Fitting constants dependent on the raingauge location (Table 2.B1 in Appendix 2.B).

Location & Station ID	ARI, $T$ (years)	Storm duration 'd'	Derived Parameters			
			$\lambda$	K	$\theta$	$\eta$
Johor Silica 1541139	10	12	59.060	0.202	0.128	0.660
$Q_1 = \frac{C \cdot 10^3 \cdot i_c \cdot A}{360}$ :				196.25	mm/hr	

Source: Sediment basin Calculation, Jurutera JRK Sdn. Bhd., 2013.

196.25 mm/hr

### LS Factor

Catchment were into divided to 10 area

S	<1	1<Slope<3	3<Slope<5	>5
m	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5

$$LS = (A / 22.13)^m (0.085 + 0.048S + 0.0065S^2)$$

#### Estimating LS factor existing condition

#### SpotLevel

Area	X	Y <sub>max</sub>	Y <sub>min</sub>	Y	Slope length, A	Slope Gradient, S (%)	m	LS
SB1	214	46.64	20.85	25.79	215.5	12.06	0.5	4.879
SB2	293	29.08	13.84	15.24	293.4	5.20	0.5	1.748
SB3	231	46.67	13.29	35.38	233.7	15.32	0.5	7.458
SB4	180	53.45	22.60	30.85	182.6	17.14	0.5	7.938
SB5	118	20.45	17.80	2.85	118.0	2.25	0.3	0.332

slope existing

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

#### Estimating LS factor during site clearing

#### Slope ED

Area	X	Y <sub>max</sub>	Y <sub>min</sub>	Y	Slope length, A	Slope Gradient, S (%)	m	LS
SB1	1038				1038	0.033	0.2	0.144
SB2	1155				1155	0.054	0.2	0.149
SB3	855				855	0.040	0.2	0.139
SB4	818				818	0.057	0.2	0.139
SB5	555				555	0.038	0.2	0.127

slope earthdrain

- 1 refer escp drawing
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

#### Estimating LS factor after development

#### Platform Level

Area	X	Y <sub>max</sub>	Y <sub>min</sub>	Y	Slope length, A	Slope Gradient, S (%)	m	LS
SB1	1038	50.00	32.50	17.5	1038	1.89	0.3	0.511
SB2	1155	32.00	24.00	8	1155	0.60	0.2	0.221
SB3	855	25.00	21.50	3.5	855	0.41	0.2	0.176
SB4	818	27.00	22.00	5	818	0.61	0.2	0.197
SB5	555	24.00	20.00	4	555	0.72	0.2	0.193

slope proposed earthwork

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

### **K Factor**

Catchment were into divided to 5 phase

$$K = 2.1 \times 10^{-6} (12 - OM)^{1.14} + 0.0325 (S - 2) + 0.025 (P - 3)$$

Assume organic matter, OM = 5 %

Assume Structure Class, S = 2 - Medium or coarse granular FRIM Technical Information Handbook No.25

Assume Permeability Class, P = 5 - Moderate FRIM Technical Information Handbook No.25

Assume Sand Content = 60 %

Assume Silt Content = 20 %

Assume Clay Content = 20 %

Refer SI report

Silt, Clay and Sand

#### Structure Class

S	Very fine	Fine	Medium	Massive
MSLE Code	1	2	3	4

#### Permeability Class

Permeability	<0.2	0.2-0.5	0.5-1.5	1.5-5.0	5.0-15	15-50
MSLE Code	6	5	4	3	2	1

Surface Grain Size (%)					OM	M	S	P	K
P	Gravel	Sand	Silt	Clay					
1	10	60	15	15	0.05	6375.00	2	5	0.0496

#### Estimating K Factor

Area	K
#REF!	0.0496

All proposed area are similar in general and consider have the similar soil erodibility factor (k) for all catchment area

Vm Factor

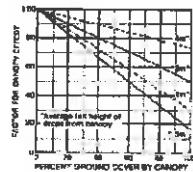


Figure 5a Effect of canopy coverage on Vm factor

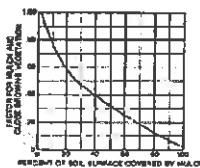


Figure 5b Effect of mulch coverage on Vm factor



Figure 5c Effect of fine root soil load on the Vm factor. Note values do not apply to deep soil construction sites

Assume based on picture reference above - Tree located scattered at the boundary of the proposed site.

Area	Canopy %	Mulch %	Root Cover %
1 SB1	30	10	5
2 SB2	30	10	5
3 SB3	30	10	5
4 SB4	30	10	5
5 SB5	30	10	5

$$Vm = \text{Canopy Subfactor} \times \text{Mulch Subfactor} \times \text{Bare Subfactor}$$

Estimating Vm Factor

Area	Area (ac)	Area with canopy		Area with mulch		Fine Root		Vm
		(%)	Factor	(%)	Factor	(%)	Factor	
1 SB1	17.7	30	0.75	10	0.70	5	0.45	0.2363
2 SB2	11.5	30	0.75	10	0.70	5	0.45	0.2363
3 SB3	19.0	30	0.75	10	0.70	5	0.45	0.2363
4 SB4	10.4	30	0.75	10	0.70	5	0.45	0.2363
5 SB5	4.3	30	0.75	10	0.70	5	0.45	0.2363
VMc	82.84	0	1.00	0	1.00	0	1.00	1.0000
VMp	82.84	30	0.72	35	0.60	35	0.30	0.1080

$$Vm = C \times (1 - I/A) \quad C=1(\text{Bare Soil}), 0.45(\text{Establish Grass Cover})$$

VMc construction  
VMp Post development

### SEDIMENT BASIN SIZE

Sediment Basin	Catchment	Side Slope	Total Depth	Area		Sediment		Emergency	
	(ha)	(H):(V)	(m)	W(m)	L (m)	y1 (m)	y2 (m)	S (m)	Hp (m)
SB1	17.69	2(H) 1(V)	2.10	35.00	75.00	0.60	0.85	3.50	0.50
SB2	11.51	2(H) 1(V)	2.00	70.00	140.00	0.80	0.80	8.00	0.60
SB3	18.96	2(H) 1(V)	2.10	75.00	150.00	0.80	0.80	8.50	0.60
SB4	10.36	2(H):1(V)	2.10	50.00	100.00	0.75	0.75	4.50	0.60
SB5	4.32	2(H):1(V)	2.00	65.00	130.00	0.80	0.80	8.00	0.60